m. Kolmo (circulate) (List) K. Kobayashi H2000 T. Suzuki H2033 Hi Kameda H2046 T. Selevimoto H2001 A. Kato 15300 A. Ouchi H2002 A. Koike H2011 3/15/83 I. Yamamoto F400 T. Inoue H 5291 H. Kakita H2012 List Y. Ishi H2022 T. Matsumura H2005 H. NakamuraH4124 J. Kobayarhi H4381 S. Oh ba H4400 M. Takagi Y. MIZUMO HZ032 H. Osafune NECEL H. Kamai F2005 H. Yawata

Info World's Award to NEC (Inforvarld 京土管 5" NEC E)

辛生読名も念献名も同じ Info World という雑誌ががあります。最近 とみに存名にたり、日本の週刊コンピュータワーはにも、毎号その 抄訳が掲載されてあります。 = n Info World また sin NECの 7220 GDC (Graphic Davice Controller)ナップを意動したいか NECのどの食私に Awardを出ばるよいかとの内での愛好があり、 NEC Information System o 1 知话格 513. EVIT NEC Electronics U.S.A. である、厄答しました。 名彰式は Imfo Worldの本社が Palo Alto 1=33 阅作でSom Franciscoで行的的co=4です。 正式文書が そのうちNECELの方にゆくと思いますが、まず不健実と思めれます。 =>=到るまでのを囲いついて、れか興味で覚えまたの れ下報告いれます。

NEC Information Systems t'it APCの核酸には Advoctisement は勿論、大変電母であるか? そのほかに pullicity も電子で、うまく それで使わうということで、APCについてスコミに売り込んでありました。 過去いくつかの雑誌なけんの記事にででいます。 そのき動の一つり 対象が InfoWorldであり、同誌が掲載しまた記事が きな付のものであります。実物はされいは色をリソになるつています。 NECISの「関係着は勿ちる、APCを売り込んだっですか」、他社

より 歩れている一つの間はといて フロロの chipを使っているので、からなの

表示がすばりしいと言ったようです。 InfoWorldの記憶はこれに大文型ですなもち NECELにも取材し、7220とAPCの記事ではり、7220とAPCの記事ではり、

TRAD chip か"意彰の対象にはいは"受賞なは当然 NGCEL という=とにtdyますかり、この際に示はNECISの関係をの反応は

大変型味のあるものでした。

今日、内での電話があつためけですが、その伝、NECISの「気傷」がいこの受管に大変姿態し、すご(喜んでいることです、 理由な事物ますと NECISの人では IC. LSI ではでについて NECELの人でおういつも教をろれ、助けられ、協力を受けているので、NECELが、受管することは大変うれいことで、するということでした。

アノリカの人では協力とかがにつりが助は大変苦サということになることはますか? それぞれの責任分野が、それぞれの責任分野が、それでよっていれば、協力もできるし、素がも、分け合うことがじざる」という一つの何とはりました。

今回のInfoWMへの記事の掲載、また予覧される受賞は
NECの半等体技術の侵奪が包、でいまるAPCのすばらしてを示するい。publicity = からただけでなく、NECグルーフでは協力することのであり生を身にしるて判りました。

市 木 政 是

武行智科 - InfoWorld 3/24/83 0 記事.

#### **Translation of this Fax**

There is a magazine called "InfoWorld" with the same magazine name and company name. It has become famous recently, and the abridged translation is published in every issue of "Weekly Computer World" in Japan. "InfoWorld" made a private telephone inquiry to us saying, "We would like to award NEC's 7220 GDC (Graphics Display Controller) chip. Which NEC company should get the award?" An official of "NEC Information Systems (NECIS)" replied, "It should be "NEC Electronics, USA (NECEL)"". Since InfoWorld's central office is in Palo Alto, the award ceremony will be held in San Francisco. It seems almost certain that the official document will be handed over to NECEL soon.

Because I am interested in the process leading up to this point, let me report it below.

"NEC Information Systems (NECIS)" considered that publicity as well as advertising is of course very important for expanding APC sales. APC has been published in several magazines in the past. One of the targets of the activity is "InfoWorld" and the article published by the magazine is attached. The real thing is printed in beautiful colors.

Of course, the people involved in NECIS promoted APC but apparently said "One of the reasons why it is superior to other companies is that it uses a 7220 chip. Therefore, the graphics display is wonderful." A reporter from "InfoWorld" was very interested in this remark, interviewed NECEL and published an article regarding the 7220 and APC. Then the 7220 chip was awarded.

If the 7220 chip becomes an object of commendation, naturally the winner will be NECEL. At this time, NECIS officials showed a very interesting reaction.

After I received a private phone call today, NECIS officials were very excited and delighted to receive this award. When I asked them the reason, they replied "We are very happy that NECEL won the award because we were always taught, helped, and supported by NECEL about ICs and LSIs."

Americans are said to be no good at cooperation and group activities. However, if each area of responsibility is clearly defined, it is possible to cooperate and share the joy. This has been the one of the examples.

The publication of this article in "InfoWorld", and the expected award, not only became a good publicity that showed the excellence of NEC's semiconductor technology and the splendor of APC based on it but also a good opportunity to cooperate in the NEC group. I deeply realized the importance of it.

Document attached InfoWorld 3/24/83 issue

# NEC's 7220 GDC chip allows high-resolution color graphics

By David Needle, IW Staff

A "resolution revolution" has begun, according to a press release from NEC Information Systems, the United States division of the giant Nippon Electric Company of Japan. At the heart of the revolution, says NEC, is the company's 7220 Graphics Device Controller (GDC) chip, a component that even some of NEC's competitors in the personal-computer field have found too good to pass up.

Introduced about a year ago, the 7220 is an integral part of an advanced optional graphics subsystem offered on NEC's Advanced Personal Computer (APC). Other manufacturers—DEC, Hewlett-Packard and Epson, to name but a few—have also incorpo-

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rated the chip into the graphics options designed for their personal computers.

A number of high-resolution colorgraphics terminals and systems on the market use the chip as well. Literally dozens of other companies have ordered samples of the chip to evaluate its use in future, as yet unannounced, products.

What's all the fuss about?

NEC's technical support manager, Robert Scott, explains it simply. "There's nothing else like it; it's one of a kind," he said during an interview at NEC's chip manufacturing and sales facility in Natick, Massachusetts.

(Intel is a second-source manufac-

turer of the chip. Theirs is called the 82720.)

Personal computers typically allocate part of the same central microprocessor used to control all its other operations to the task of attaining high-resolution graphics ability.

For example, the same 6502 chip that runs Apple DOS and the various See NEC chip, page 32

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## NEC chip

functions of the Apple II computer also controls the necessary memory to give the machine its 256 × 192-pixel, or dot, resolution.

The NEC 7220 graphics-device controller, on the other hand, operates independently from the computer's main processor, thereby allowing for much higher resolution and a wide variety of other feature such as colors, zooming, customized character sets and so on.

It is a specialized 16-bit microprocessor that can address up to 256K of separate memory dedicated to graphics function.

Apple's advanced Lisa computer,

with its integrated-software package that includes many graphics features, has only one microprocessor chip. Even though that chip is the powerful Motorola 68000, when it comes to graphics, Scott says the 68000 "can't keep up with the 7220, even by itself.

"It (the 68000) can exceed the 7220's drawing speed, but at two to three times the cost," Scott maintains. He doubts that the Lisa will ever come with a color display because so much of its 68000 is tied up already and adding more chips would raise the system's price too high.

In NEC's APC, the 7220 gives the computer, or the computer user, a choice of three modes of operation: Graphics mode, Mixed Graphics and Character modes.

#### Graphics mode

The Graphics mode would typically be used in design, animation (zoom display, drawing, panning and scrolling included) and other types of line and figure drawing.

The Mixed Graphics and Character modes can be used exclusively for graphics or solely for character display. More importantly, the chip has the ability of displaying both graphics and characters on one display screen in partitioned areas or windows on the screen.

The text and/or graphics on the various windows can also be merged.

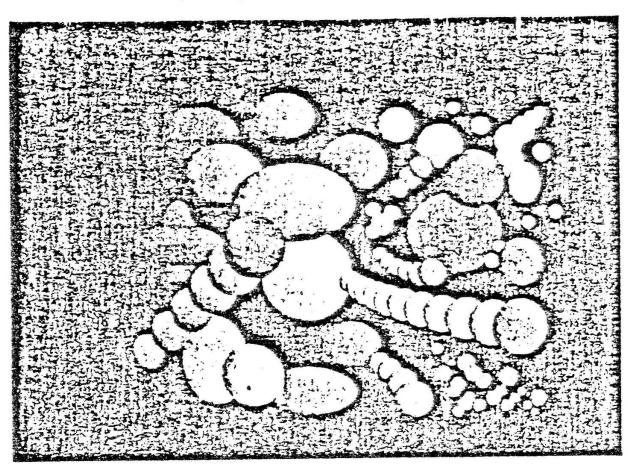
The Character-Display mode allows

for a variety of different character sets and type fonts.

The DEC Rainbow 100, outfitted with an \$845 color-graphics option that includes the 7220 GDC, has a high-resolution mode of 800 × 240-dot resolution with four displayable colors and a palette of 4096 colors to choose from. When operating in the

applications written for one machine to be transferred to another without being rewritten. It also includes a wide variety of "drivers, or programs, so that a single application package can run on any number of different plotters and printers.

Stan Devitt, of DRI's technical marketing staff, calls the NEC APC with the



medium-resolution mode, it offers 384 × 240 dots and 16 simultaneous colors from the same palette of 4096—more than enough to do sharp business graphics.

The graphics option on NEC's Advanced PC gives it a 1024 × 1024-pixel resolution, although the bandwidth limitation of the monitor makes this a "movable window" of 640 (horizontal) by 475 (vertical)-pixel resolution, still, by most standards, an extremely crisp resolution.

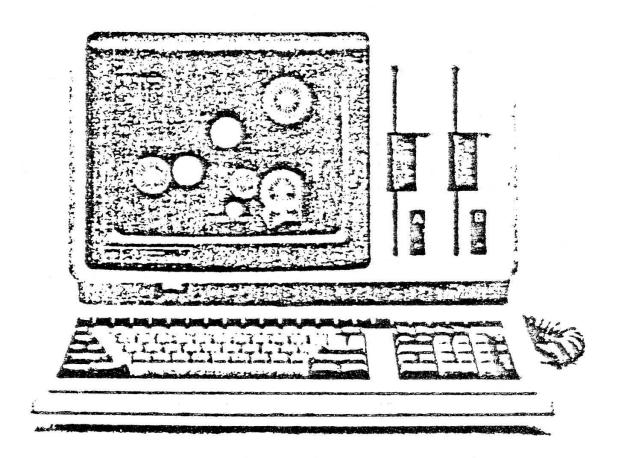
In addition, both the Rainbow and NEC machines offer the GSX graphic software system from Digital Research, Inc. (DRI), which functions as a so-called "virtual device interface." Basically this graphics system allows

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Another company, attracted to the 7220 for its animation applications, claims to have improved the chip's performance. "We've done the most innovative work with the 7220," boasts Richard Katz, president of Vectrix Corporation in Greensborough, North Carolina. "We've pushed it to its maximum limits."

Vectrix makes a very high resolution



The Advanced Personal Computer (APC) from NEC Information Systems, model APC-H03, displays high-resolution color graphics with the optional high-resolution graphics board installed. (All photos on pages 33 and 34 are courtesy of NEC Information Systems of Lexington, Massachusetts)

(672 × 480) color-display terminal system designed to run off several popular microcomputers.

"It's a stand-alone device with a serial and parallel port so that any computer with a printer or serial port can run it," explained Katz. The firm's \$1995 unit includes a terminal that can display up to eight colors at a time from a choice of 512 colors. A \$3995 model also displays up to eight colors at a time but has a choice of two million colors.

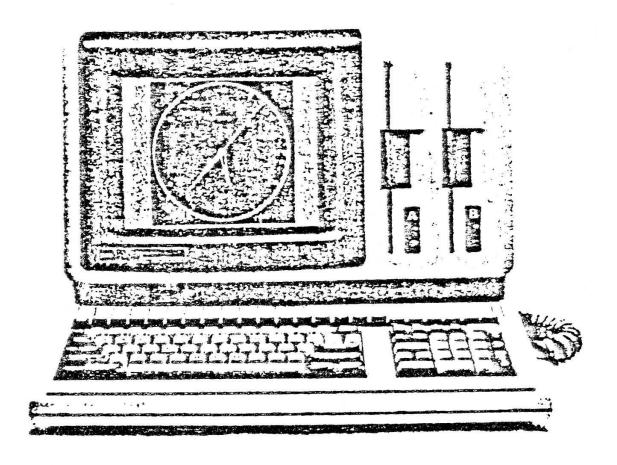
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In the meantime, notes Scott, the 7220's potential has barely been exploited. NEC already has a voice-input board that can be added to the company's PC-8000 microcomputer. Once

See NEC chip, page 34



### NEC

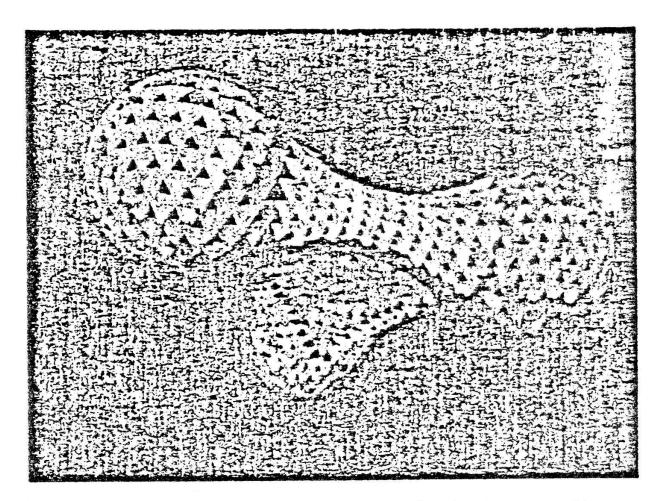
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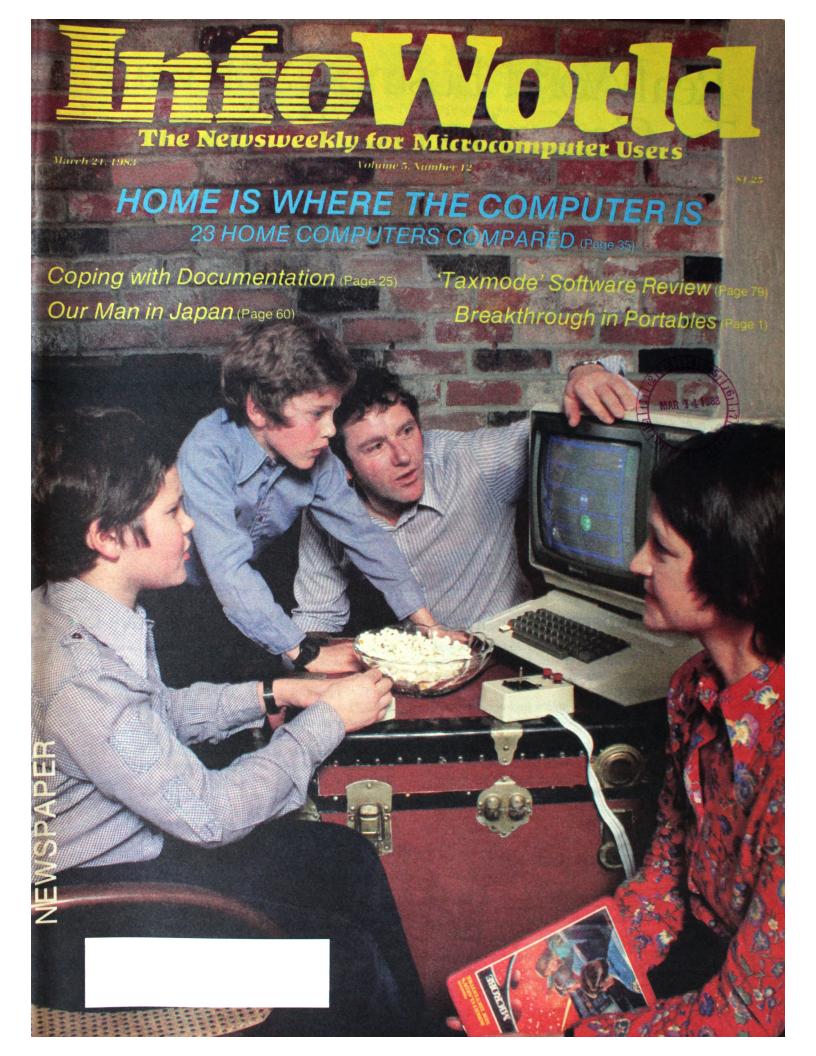


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Of course, "everyone's working on a gumby," Scott told InfoWorld. A gumby, if you haven't heard, is in theory a device that allows you to create and input three-dimensional images

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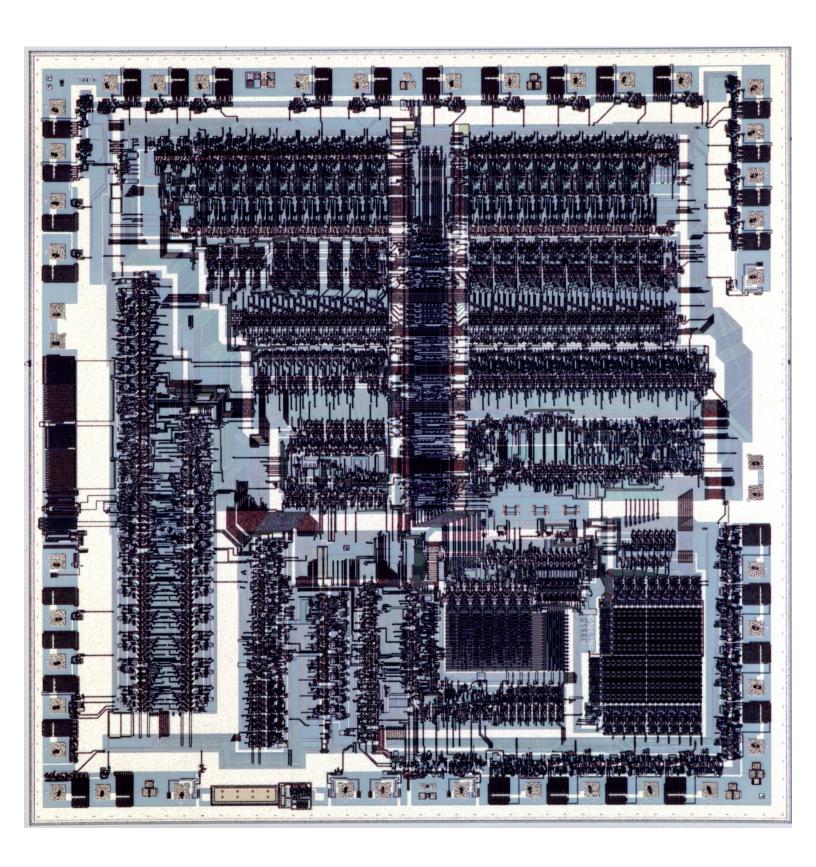
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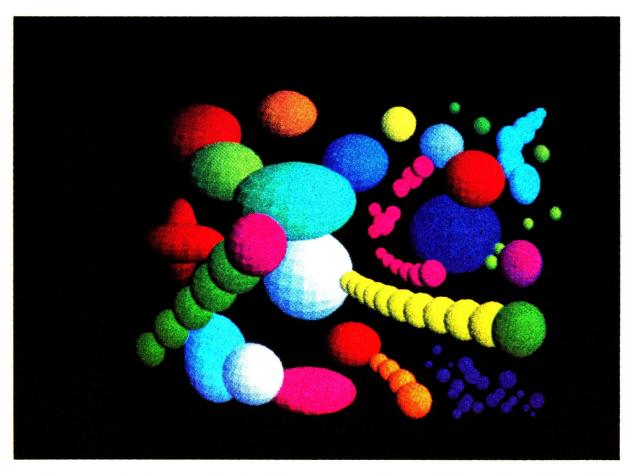
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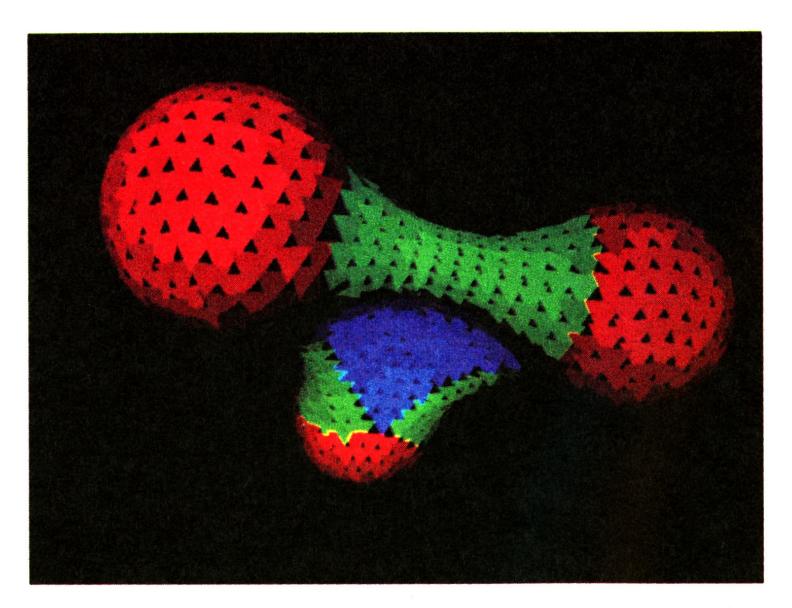
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#### **NEC N5200 (APC)**



NEC N5200 (APC; Advanced Personal Computer, exported to USA) designed by NEC peripheral equipment division (端末装置事業部) at Fuchu plant (府中事業場) appeared at Japanese market in April 1981, one year earlier than NEC PC-9801 designed by NEC computer technology headquarters (コンピュータ技術本部) at Fuchu plant (府中事業場) which dominated Japanese PC market for a long time until IBM PC clone became popular in Japan in 1990's.

Both PCs implemented two  $\mu$ PD7220 GDCs (Graphics Display Controllers) I designed. It is no doubt that N5200 provided a terminal design idea to Apple Macintosh later on.

N5200 installed two <u>eight inches floppy disk drives</u> which worked under ITOS (NEC Interactive Tutorial Operation System) disk Operation System (<a href="http://museum.ipsj.or.jp/en/computer/ofos/nec/index.html">http://museum.ipsj.or.jp/en/computer/ofos/nec/index.html</a>). At that moment, there was no MSDOS (MicroSoft Disk Operation System) although DRDOS (Digital Research Disk Operation System) existed with no Japanese front processor implementation.

NEC peripheral equipment division requested Digital Research to make graphics library called GBIOS (Graphics Basic Input Output System). I participated in the GBIOS evaluation handling the N5200 along with an 132 columns Kanji dot matrix impact printer installed at my laboratory.

I wrote design notes and reports by Japanese word processor and spread sheet applications running on the N5200 since its early stage. I was a sole person who was able to freely handle such applications because Microsoft did not have Microsoft Word and Excel as well as Microsoft Office Suite at that time.