

OPTIREG™ Linear TLE4278G

5 V low drop fixed voltage regulator





Features

- Output voltage tolerance ≤ ±2%
- Very low current consumption
- Separated reset and watchdog output
- Low-drop voltage
- Watchdog
- Adjustable watchdog activating threshold
- Adjustable reset threshold
- Overtemperature protection
- Reverse polarity protection
- Short-circuit proof
- Suitable for use in automotive electronics
- Wide temperature range
- Green Product (RoHS compliant)

Potential applications

General automotive applications.

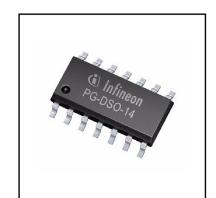
Product validation

Qualified for automotive applications. Product validation according to AEC-Q100/101.

Description

The OPTIREG™ Linear TLE4278G is a monolithic integrated low-drop fixed output voltage regulator supplying loads up to 200 mA. The IC is available in a PG-DSO-14 package. It is designed to supply microprocessor systems under the severe conditions of automotive applications and therefore equipped with additional protection functions against over- load, short circuit and overtemperature. The TLE4278 can also be used in other applications where a stabilized voltage is required.

Туре	Package	Marking
TLE4278G	PG-DSO-14	TLE4278G



1 Block diagram

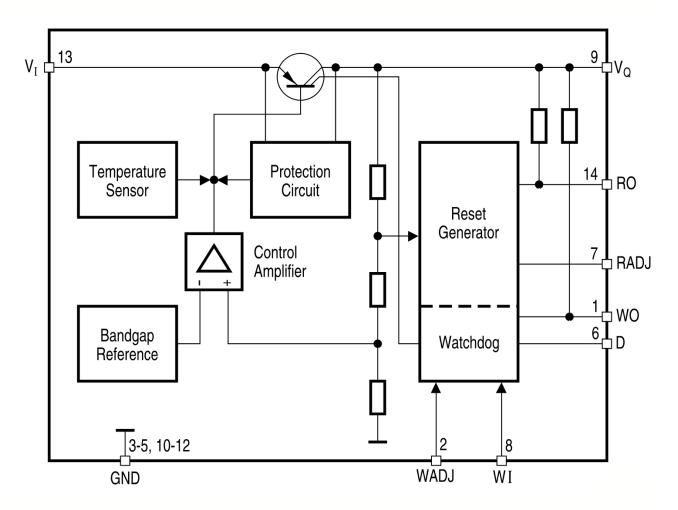


Figure 1 Block diagram

2 Pin configuration

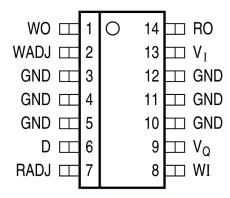


Figure 2 Pin configuration PG-DSO-14 (top view)

Table 1 Pin definitions and functions

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	WO	Watchdog output; the open collector output is connected to the 5 V output via an integrated resistor of 30 k Ω .
2	WADJ	Watchdog adjust; an external resistor to GND determines the watchdog activating threshold.
3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12	GND	Ground
6	D	Reset delay; connect a capacitor to ground for delay time adjustment.
7	RADJ	Reset switching threshold adjust; for setting the switching threshold, connect a voltage divider from output to ground. If this input is connected to ground, the reset is triggered at the internal threshold.
8	WI	Watchdog input; rising edge-triggered input for monitoring a microcontroller.
9	Q	5 V output voltage; block to ground with min. 10 μ F capacitor, ESR \leq 5 Ω .
13	I	Input voltage; block to ground directly on the IC with ceramic capacitor.
14	RO	Reset output; the open collector output is connected to the 5 V output via an integrated resistor of 30 k Ω .

3.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Table 2 Absolute maximum ratings

 $T_{\rm i} = -40^{\circ} {\rm C} \text{ to } 150^{\circ} {\rm C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Input voltage I			-		1	
Voltage	V _I	-42	_	45	V	_
Current	<i>I</i> ₁	_	_	_	mA	Internally limited
Output voltage Q			·	·	·	
Voltage	$V_{\rm Q}$	-1	_	25	V	_
Current	I _Q	_	_	_	mA	Internally limited
Reset output RO						
Voltage	V_{RO}	-0.3	_	25	V	_
Current	I _{RO}	-5	_	5	mA	_
Reset delay D						
Voltage	V_{D}	-0.3	_	7	V	_
Current	I _D	-2	_	2	mA	_
Reset switching thresho	old adjust RAI	DJ	'		'	
Voltage	V_{RADJ}	-0.3	_	7	V	_
Current	I _{RADJ}	_	_	_	mA	Internally limited
Watchdog input WI			'			
Voltage	V_{WI}	-0.3	_	7	V	_
Current	I _{WI}	_	_	_	mA	Internally limited
Watchdog output WO	'					
Voltage	$V_{ m WO}$	-0.3	_	25	V	_
Current	I _{wo}	-5	_	5	mA	_
Watchdog adjust WADJ	'					
Voltage	V_{WADJ}	-0.3	_	7	V	_
Current	I _{WADJ}	_	_	_	mA	Internally limited
Ground GND	'	'	'	'		
Current	I_{GND}	-100	_	50	mA	_
Temperatures						
Junction temperature	$T_{\rm j}$	-50	_	150	°C	_
Storage temperature	$T_{\rm stg}$	-50	_	150	°C	_

Note: ESD protection according to MIL Std. 883: ±2 kV.

Maximum ratings are absolute ratings; exceeding any one of these values may cause irreversible damage to the integrated circuit.

3.2 Functional range

Table 3 Functional range

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Input voltage	V _I	5.5	_	45	V	_
Junction temperature	T _j	-40	_	150	°C	_

Note: In the functional range the functions given in the circuit description are fulfilled.

3.3 Thermal resistance

Table 4 Thermal resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Junction ambient	R_{thj-a}	_	_	80	K/W	1)
Junction pin	$R_{thj-pin}$	_	_	30	K/W	Measured to pin 4

¹⁾ Package mounted on PCB $80 \times 80 \times 1.5 \text{ mm}^3$; 35 μ m Cu; 5 μ m Sn; Heat Sink Area 6 cm²; zero airflow.

4 Functional description

The TLE4278 is a monolithic integrated low-drop fixed output voltage regulator supplying loads up to 200 mA.

An input voltage V_1 in the range of 5.5 V $\leq V_1 \leq$ 45 V is regulated to $V_{0,nom} = 5$ V with an accuracy of $\pm 2\%$.

The device operates in the wide temperature range of T_i = -40°C to 150°C.

Two additional features are implemented in the TLE4278 a load dependent watchdog function as well as a sophisticated reset function including power on reset, under voltage reset, adjustable reset delay time and adjustable reset switching threshold.

The watchdog function monitors the microcontroller, including time base failures. In case of a missing rising edge within a certain pulse repetition time the watchdog output is set to "low". Programming of the max. repetition time can be done easily by an external reset delay capacitor. To prevent a reset in case of missing pulses, the watchdog output WO is separate from the reset output RO for the TLE4278. The watchdog output can be used as an interrupt signal for the microcontroller. In any case it is possible to connect pin WO and pin RO externally.

When the controller is set to sleep mode or low power mode its current consumption drops and no watchdog pulses are created. In order to avoid unnecessary wake-up signals due to missing pulses at pin WI the watchdog feature can be disabled as a function of the load current. The switch off threshold is set by an external resistor to pin WADJ. The watchdog function can also be used as a timer, which periodically wakes up the controller. Therefore the pin WADJ must be connected to the output Q.

The power on reset feature is necessary for a defined start of the microprocessor when switching on the application. The reset signal at pin RO goes "high" after a certain delay timed $t_{\rm rd}$ when the output voltage of the regulator has surpassed the reset threshold. The delay time is set by the external delay capacitor. An under voltage reset circuit supervises the output voltage. In case $V_{\rm Q}$ falls below the reset threshold the reset output is set to "low" after a short reset reaction time $t_{\rm rr}$. The reset "low" signal is generated down to an output voltage $V_{\rm Q}$ of 1 V. In addition the reset switching threshold can be adjusted by an external voltage divider. This feature is useful with microprocessors which ensure a safe operation down to voltages below the internally set reset threshold of 4.65 V typical.

4.1 Electrical characteristics

 Table 5
 Electrical characteristics

 $V_{\rm I}$ = 13.5 V; -40°C $\leq T_{\rm j} \leq$ 125°C (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Output voltage	V_{Q}	4.90	5.00	5.10	V	0 mA $\leq I_Q \leq$ 150 mA; 6 V $\leq V_1 \leq$ 28 V
Output voltage	V_{Q}	4.8	5.0	5.2	V	1 mA $\leq I_Q \leq$ 50 mA; 28 V $\leq V_1 \leq$ 45 V
Output current limiting	I_{Q}	200	400	_	mA	V _Q = 4.8 V
Current consumption $I_q = I_1 - I_Q$	$I_{q,o}$	_	180	200	μΑ	$T_{\rm j} = 25$ °C; $I_{\rm Q} = 0$ mA
Current consumption $I_q = I_1 - I_Q$	I _{q,o}	-	210	230	μΑ	$I_{\rm Q} = 0 \text{ mA};$ $T_{\rm j} = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$
Current consumption $I_q = I_1 - I_Q$	I _{q,150}	-	5	12	mA	I _Q = 150 mA
Drop voltage $V_{DR} = V_I - V_Q$	V _{dr}	-	0.25	0.5	V	$I_{\rm Q} = 150 {\rm mA}^{1)}$
Load regulation	$\Delta V_{ m Q.lo}$	-30	-5	-	mV	$I_{\rm Q} = 5 \text{ to } 150 \text{ mA};$ $V_{\rm I} = 6 \text{ V}$
Line regulation	$\Delta V_{ m Q,li}$	-	5	20	mV	$V_1 = 6 \text{ to } 28 \text{ V};$ $I_Q = 5 \text{ mA}$
Reset generator	<u> </u>		'		'	, -
Reset threshold	$V_{\mathrm{Q,rt}}$	4.5	4.65	4.8	V	RADJ connected to GND
Reset headroom	$\Delta V_{Q,rt} = (V_{Q,nom} - V_{Q,rt})$	180	350	-	mV	I _Q = 10 mA
Reset adjust threshold	$V_{RADJ,th}$	1.28	1.35	1.45	V	<i>V</i> _Q ≥ 3.5 V
Reset low voltage	$V_{\rm RO,l}$	-	0.20	0.40	V	$R_{\text{ext}} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ to } V_{\text{Q}};$ $V_{\text{Q}} \ge 1 \text{ V}$
Reset high voltage	$V_{\rm RO,h}$	4.5	_	_	V	-
Reset pull-up	R_{RO}	20	30	45	kΩ	Internal connected to V _Q
Charging current	I _{D,c}	2	5	8	μΑ	V _D = 1.0 V
Upper timing threshold	V_{DU}	1.5	1.9	2.3	V	_
Lower reset timing threshold	V_{DRL}	0.2	0.3	0.4	V	_
Delay time	t _{rd}	12	20	28	ms	$C_{\rm D} = 47 {\rm nF}$
Reset reaction time	t _{rr}	0.4	1.0	2.0	μs	$C_{\rm D}$ = 47 nF

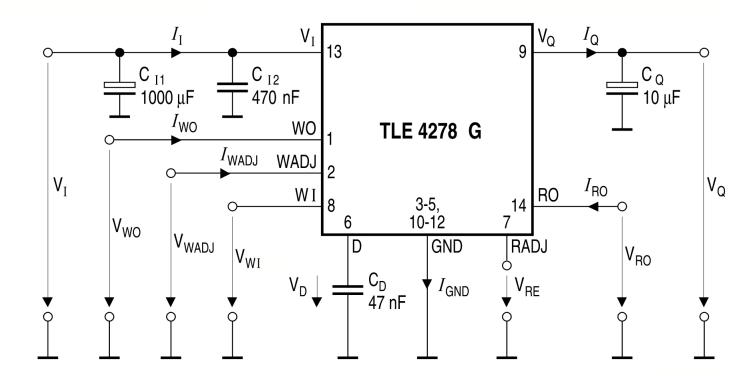
Table 5Electrical characteristics (cont'd)

 $V_{\rm I}$ = 13.5 V; -40°C $\leq T_{\rm j} \leq$ 125°C (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	ol Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Watchdog					'	
Activating threshold	$V_{\mathrm{WADJ,th}}$	1.28	1.35	1.45	V	Voltage at WADJ
Current ratio	$I_{\rm Q}/I_{\rm WADJ}$	650	720	800	_	<i>I</i> _Q ≤ 10 mA
Slew rate	dV_{WI}/dt	5	-	-	V/µs	From 20% up to 80% <i>V</i> _Q
Watchdog low voltage	V_{WOL}	_	0.2	0.4	V	$R_{\rm ext} > 10 \rm k\Omega to V_{\rm Q}$
Watchdog high voltage	V_{WOH}	4.5	_	_	V	-
Watchdog pull-up	R _{wo}	20	30	45	kΩ	Internal connected to $V_{\rm Q}$
Charge current	I _{D,wc}	2	5	8	μΑ	V _D = 1.0 V
Discharge current	I _{D,wd}	0.6	1.3	2.0	μΑ	V _D = 1.0 V
Upper timing threshold	V_{DU}	1.5	1.9	2.3	V	-
Lower watchdog timing threshold	V_{DWL}	0.5	0.7	0.9	V	_
Watchdog output pulse period	$T_{WD,p}$	42	60	80	ms	$C_{\rm d} = 47 \text{ nF}$
Watchdog output low time	$t_{\mathrm{WD,l}}$	7	13	19	ms	$V_{\rm Q} > V_{\rm RT}$
Watchdog trigger time	$T_{\rm WI,tr}$	35	47	61	ms	$C_{\rm d}$ = 47 nF

¹⁾ Measured when the output voltage V_Q has dropped 100 mV from the nominal value.

4.2 Test circuit

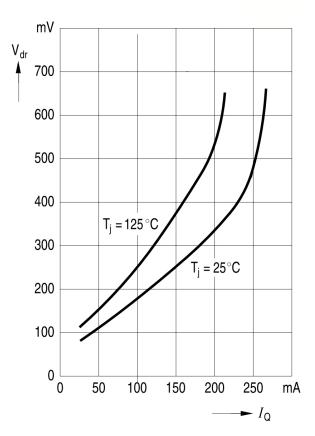


 $V_{DR} = V_I - V_O$ Outside the control range

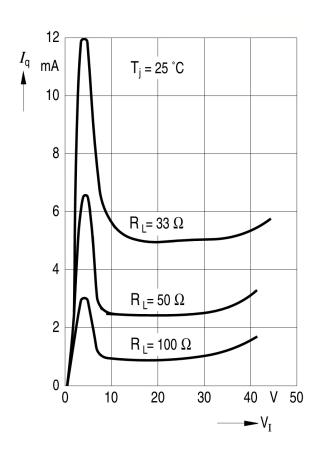
Figure 3 Test circuit

4.3 Typical performance characteristics

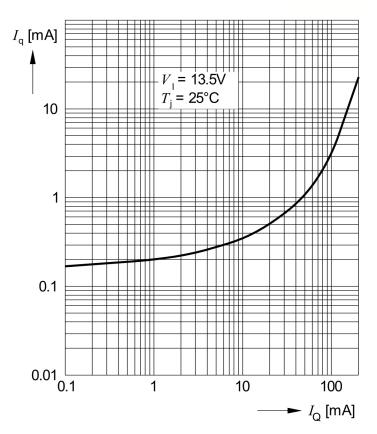
Drop voltage $V_{\rm dr}$ versus output current $I_{\rm O}$



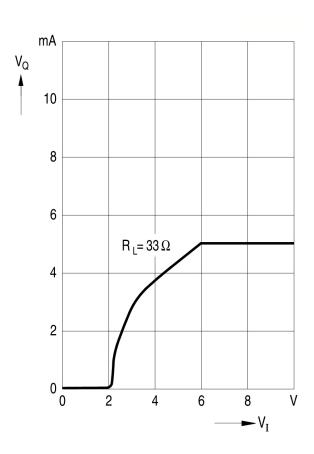
Current consumption I_q versus input voltage V_l



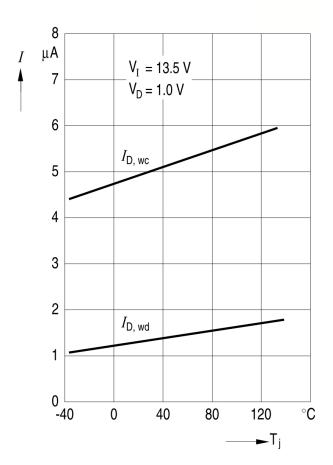
Current consumption I_q versus output current I_Q



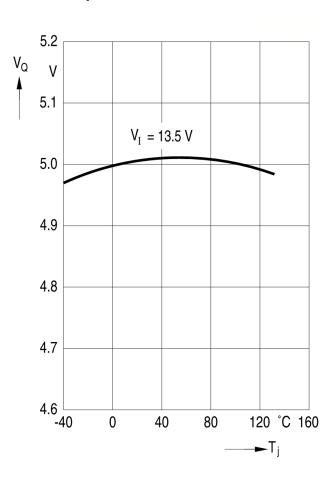
Output voltage V_Q versus input voltage V_I



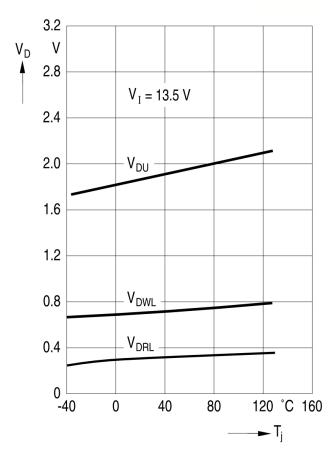
Charge current $I_{D,wc}$ and discharge current $I_{D,wd}$ versus temperature T_i



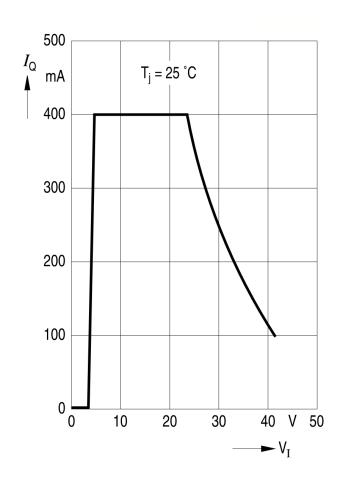
Output voltage V_Q versus temperature T_j



Switching voltage $V_{\rm DU}$, $V_{\rm DWL}$ and $V_{\rm DRL}$ versus temperature $T_{\rm i}$



Output current limit I_Q versus input voltage V_I



5 Application information

5.1 Input, output

The input capacitors C_{11} and C_{12} are necessary for compensating line influences. Using a resistor of approx. 1Ω in series with C_{11} , the LC circuit of input inductance and input capacitance can be damped. To stabilize the regulation circuit the output capacitor C_{Q} is necessary. Stability is ensured at values $C_{Q} \ge 10 \, \mu\text{F}$ with an ESR $\le 5 \, \Omega$ within the operating temperature range.

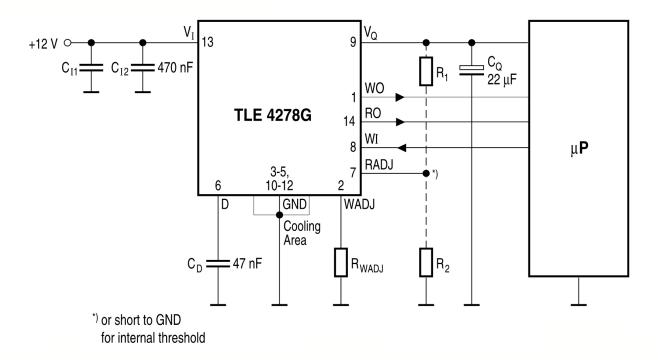


Figure 4 Application circuit

5.2 Reset timing

The power-on reset delay time is defined by the charging time of an external capacitor C_D which can be calculated as follows:

$$C_{\rm D} = (\Delta t_{\rm rd} \times I_{\rm D,c}) / \Delta V \tag{5.1}$$

Definitions:

- C_D = delay capacitor
- $\Delta t_{\rm rd}$ = delay time
- $I_{D,c}$ = charge current, typical 5 μ A
- $\Delta V = V_{DU}$, typical 1.9 V
- V_{DU} = upper delay switching threshold at C_D for reset delay time

The reset reaction time t_{rr} is the time it takes the voltage regulator to set the reset out "low" after the output voltage has dropped below the reset threshold. It is typically 1 μ s for delay capacitor of 47 nF. For other values for C_D the reaction time can be estimated using **Equation (5.2)**:

$$t_{\rm rr} \approx 20 \text{ s/F} \times C_{\rm D}$$
 (5.2)

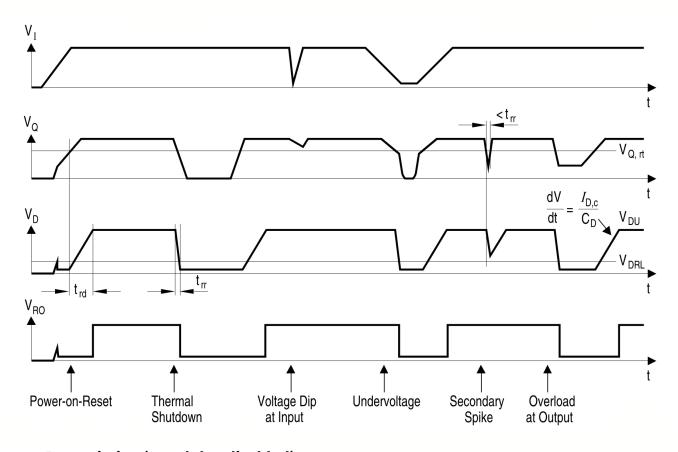


Figure 5 Reset timing (watchdog disabled)

5.3 Reset switching threshold

The present default value is 4.65 V. When using the TLE4278 the reset threshold can be set to 3.5 V < $V_{\rm Q,rt}$ < 4.6 V by connecting an external voltage divider to pin RADJ. The calculation can be easily done since the reset adjust input current can be neglected. If this feature is not needed, the pin must be connected to GND.

$$V_{\text{O,rt}} = V_{\text{ref}} \times (1 + R_1/R_2)$$
 (5.3)

Definitions:

- V_{O,rt} = Reset threshold
- V_{ref} = comparator reference voltage, typical 1.35 V (Reset adjust input current ≈ 50 nA)

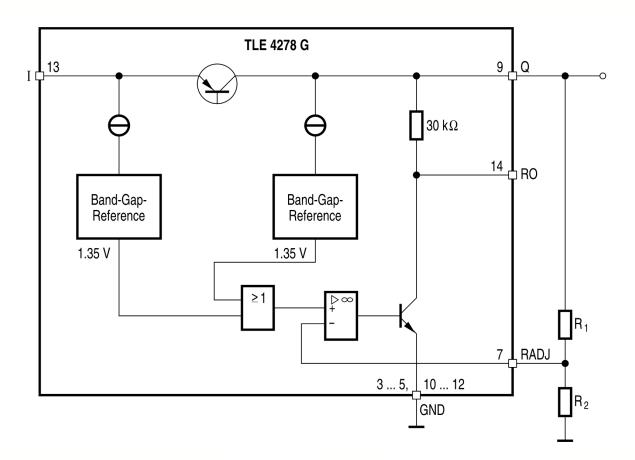


Figure 6 Reset switching threshold

The reset output pin is internally connected to the 5 V output Q via a 30 k Ω pull-up resistor. Down to an output voltage V_Q of typical 1 V the reset "low" signal at pin RO is generated.

For the timing of the reset feature please refer to Figure 5.

5.4 Watchdog activating

The calculation of the external resistor which adjusts the watchdog switch off threshold can be done by **Equation (5.4)**:

$$R_{\text{WADJ}} = V_{\text{WADJ,th}} \times (I_{\text{Q}}/I_{\text{WADJ}})/I_{\text{Q,act}}$$
(5.4)

Definitions:

- V_{WADJ,th} = switch off threshold, typical 1.35 V
- I_Q/I_{WADJ} = current ratio, typical 720
- I_{Q,act} = switch off load current

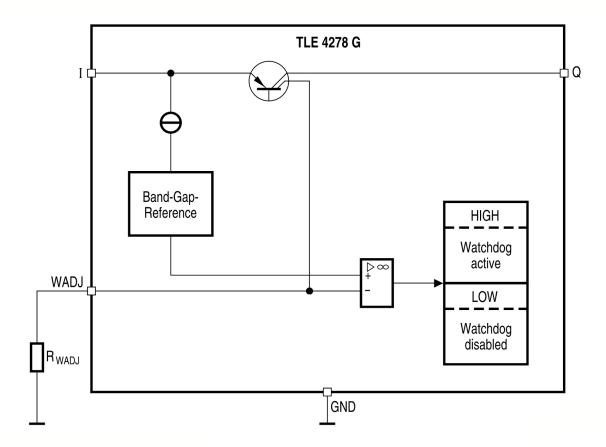


Figure 7 Watchdog activating

5.5 Watchdog timing

The frequency of the watchdog pulses must be higher than the minimum pulse sequence which is set by the external reset delay capacitor C_D . Calculation can be done according to the formulas given in **Figure 8**.

The watchdog output is internally connected to the output Q via a 30 k Ω pull-up resistor. To generate a watchdog created reset signal for the microcontroller the pin WO can be connected to the reset input of the microcontroller. It is also allowed to parallel the watchdog out to the reset out.

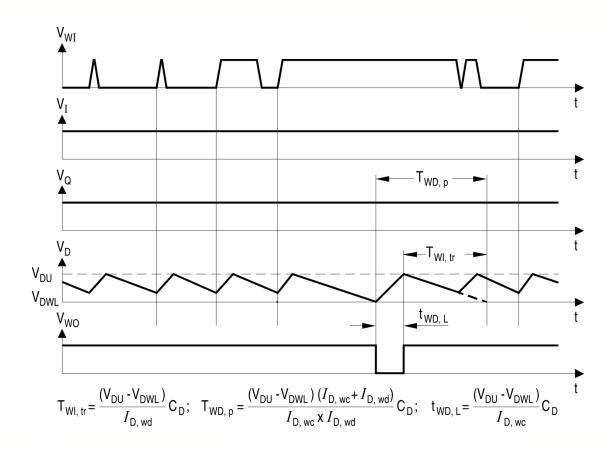


Figure 8 Timing of the watchdog function

5.6 Hints for unused pins

Table 6 Hints for unused pins

Symbol	Function	Connect to
RO	Reset output	Open
D	Reset delay	Open or to output Q
RADJ	Reset switching threshold adjust	GND
WI	Watchdog input	GND
WO	Watchdog output	Open
WADJ	Watchdog adjust	 To output Q via a 270 kΩ resistor: Watchdog always active To GND: Watchdog disabled

1) Does not include plastic or metal protrusion of 0.15 max. per side

Figure 9 PG-DSO-14 (Plastic Dual Small Outline)

Green Product (RoHS compliant)

To meet the world-wide customer requirements for environmentally friendly products and to be compliant with government regulations the device is available as a green product. Green products are RoHS-Compliant (i.e Pb-free finish on leads and suitable for Pb-free soldering according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020).